

Air Handling Solutions for Additive Manufacturing

Extraction. Filtration. Persistence.



Complex products. Complex air pollution conditions.

Additive manufacturing (AM), often referred to as 3D printing, opens up the gates for innovative, complex products. This brings with it new and intricate issues with regards to air pollution, demanding the need for safe and efficient extraction and filtration technology. Consistency of processed material and processes are equally as important. The processing of powders creates differing air pollution conditions compared that of liquids, fibres, or other solids.

The seven air pollutants in additive manufacturing and their potential hazards for humans, machines, and products

Macro Macro	o dust	Will be released during handling of powder materials and finishing of products (removal of supporting structures, grinding)	Damages the respiratory system; contaminates machines and products
Nano	dust	Emerges from melting processes during manufacture from powder particles	Risk of fire and explosion; damage to internal organs by passing the lung-blood-barrier; firmly adhering contaminants to machinery and products
Solver	nt vapors	Will be released during outgassing of liquid synthetic resin and during cleaning of products	Eye damage; respiratory and nerve poison
Noxid	us gases	Will be released when melting powder materials during manufacturing processes	Product damage due to contami- nation of powder materials and liquid synthetic resins
Foreig	gn particles	Dust particles in the air at the workplace	Product damage due to contami- nation of powder materials and liquid synthetic resins during manufacturing processes
O O O O gases	en in inert	Accumulates in the inert gas atmosphere during processes under protective gases (e.g. selective laser melting)	Damages products due to unwanted oxidation processes
$\overbrace{\overbrace{\delta^{\delta}\delta^{\delta}}}^{\text{Air hu}}$	umidity	Normal side effect in non-air conditioned rooms	Impairs quality of stored material powders

Procedures utilizing powders with laser or electron beams are particularly hazardous. The released nano dusts may harm human health, machine conditions, and products.

What's more, metallic nano dusts are highly inflammable. The challenges to meet the hazards of additive manufacturing present extreme difficulties for air handling technologies. When working under inert gas atmosphere, argon or nitrogen is used

Tasks of air handling during AM depend on procedure type

Procedure type	Processing of metal, plastic, and ceramics
Procedure examples	Selective laser melting Further typical procedu Selective laser sintering Electron beam melting Laser deposition weld
Process preparation	Keep away air humidi material powders; Remove macro dust fr
Additive manufacturing	Remove nano dust fro and deposit it safely; Remove noxious gases Keep away foreign pa powders; Keep process gas atmo of oxygen
Process follow-up	Remove macro dust as vapors from the air

in a circulation process. They accumulate atmospheric oxygen and foreign particles to the detriment of products. Inert gas cleaning therefore is a mandatory task of air handling.

When considering the core manufacturing process, one additional aspect should not be forgotten: pre and post processing will also release air pollutants that must be removed.



Complete air handling.

ULT offers complete air handling solutions for additive manufacturing: for all procedures and all materials. These solutions have been developed taking into consideration all aspects of the complex conditions relating to air pollution.

For years, ULT AG has been accompanying the development of additive manufacturing methods through intensive research. ULT is a member of the AGENT-3D research consortium and is actively involved in relevant projects of universities and research institutes. Moreover, ULT has years of experience in cleaning industrial gases.

AMF series

Based on these prerequisites, the AMF series of extraction and filtration technology has been developed. The devices are saturation filter units. Their filtration systems feature a complex structure and can be adapted to individual procedure and material specific air pollution conditions. In addition, the devices are designed to, with minimal adaptation expenditure, become an integral part of any manufacturing plant.

The series is structured by air capacity. Hence, a suitable extraction and filtration solution is available for each manufacturing plant. This applies also to plants in continuous operation, where long-term reliability is mandatory. Even large open air volumes can be reliably extracted.

Renowned manufacturers of plants for additive manufacturing have already gained experience on the use of this extraction and filtration technology.

Handling of nano dust

ULT has all the knowledge to safely handle nano dusts, especially metallic dusts, gener-

Performance class	Max. volume flow (m³/h)
ULT JUMBO Filtertrolley 2.0	AMF 170
AMF 160	170
AMF 200	220
AMF 300	400
AMF 300 Ex	400
AMF 1200	1,500
AMF 1200 Ex	1,500

ated in additive manufacturing environments. Capturing elements, pipes, hoses, and filter cartridges are particularly designed to prevent deposits and spontaneous combustion. Special safety devices are available to assist filter exchanges.

For pre-processing and follow-up

Pre-processing of materials and follow-up treatment of products is spatially separated from the manufacturing plants. Accordingly, extra air handling solutions are required. Material powders must be stored in a very dry environment. While conventional drying technology reaches its limits, the sorption drying concept ULT Dry-Tec[®] provides for a highly effective dehumidification of the process air. An additional extraction and filtration device of the ASD series (dust and smoke) will capture macro dust, which is released during classification and mixing of material powders.

While handling liquid resins before the additive process, a unit of the ACD series (odors, gases, and vapors) is recommended. Units from both series can also be used during cleaning and mechanical finishing of the products.

ULT's comprehensive air handling offers for additive manufacturing

1. Process preparation

2. Additive manufacturing 📓 🔯 🎆 🧱



AMF series: extraction and filtration technology for additive manufacturing processes







Made to suit the customer's needs.

For ULT, air handling for additive manufacturing means individual consultation and project planning. The result is not just a configuration of extraction and filtration technology units for additive manufacturing, but a complete air handling solution for the entire manufacturing process - coordinated in every detail.

Check list for air handling technology

- Which manufacturing method? »
- What sort of material? »
- Which manufacturing machine? »
- How many manufacturing machines? »
- Operation under inert gas? »
- Quantity of items to produce? »
- Automated continuous operation? »
- What kind of follow-up finishing » work?

Tailored solutions from compact to large

ULT has them all: compact solutions for individual work places or collective solutions covering several machines and plants. The units are designed to suit applications with restricted space. Many devices are designed with mobility in mind.

Particularly user friendly

Air handling technology from ULT features low noise levels and minimum energy consumption. Operation and maintenance are very easy.

Open to special requirements

The units can be shipped in ESD or ATEX compliant designs. Casings are optionally made of corrosion resistant steel. Customers may choose special voltages and frequencies as well as a digital control to maintain constant pressure, timer function, filter analysis, and interfaces for external control. A web server solution allows for remote monitoring and control of the units.

Exceptional scope of services

On-site installation and commissioning will be performed by ULT. The company's after sales service extends beyond maintenance and repair. Considering the technological progress, ULT advises its customers regarding suitable upgrades, both on the additive manufacturing and the air handling side.



Selective laser melting – a powder bed type of additive manufacturing – releases nano particles (SEM picture, ULT)

Regarding air handling technologies for additive manufacturing, excellent series products are only one element of the whole picture: ULT's range of services



Maintenance and repair, after-buy follow-up advice considering technical progress

> Commissioning on-site by ULT

> > **Plant construction** and supply

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Additive manufacturing

Individually tailored advice

after evaluation of the on-site production conditions

Individual planning of a comprehensive air handling solution: cross-linking of related components on request

ULT AG

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ULT is certified according to ISO 9001:2008. The plants are designed meeting international standards. If required, they will be certified according to ATEX and W3 and tested to meet H requirements.

In addition, the plants always comply with current EC directives on energy efficiency (ErP directive: Total energy efficiency of ready-to-use ventilation systems or minimum energy efficiency of electric motors).

Detailed technical information can be found on device specific data sheets or on our website. All technical data is general and not binding and does not guarantee the suitability of a product for a specific application.



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